

TUNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

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	SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO) .
	07/909,379	07/06/92	SCHMITT-WILLICH		SCH-1199	
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	ARLINGTON C	COURTHOUSE F	PLAZA 1, STE. 1201	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	4
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				DATE MAILED:	04/29/93	1
	This is a communication from COMMISSIONER OF PATEN	the examiner in charge of ITS AND TRADEMARKS	of your application S			
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A s	thortened statutory period	for response to this ex period for response w	ction is set to expire 3 month(s), _ will cause the application to become abandone	days fron	n the date of this letter.	. [
			E PART OF THIS ACTION:			1
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	1. Notice of Referen			re Patent Drawing, I	PTO-948 polication, Form PTO-152	1
		d by Applicant, PTO-1 ow to Effect Drawing (9 OI INTORMAL PATENT A	ppication, Form P10-152	. [
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	rt II SUMMARY OF AC			e.		1
	1. Claims	1- 28			_ are pending in the applica	ation
	Of the abo	ve, daims(1-16	a	re withdrawn from considera	tion
	• C 0				have been cancelled.	ij
	_				<u>-</u>	-
	3. L. Claims					
	4. Claims	1-10 0	17-28		are rejected.	
	5. Claims				are objected to.	
	6. Claims				ion or election requirement.	1
	_			-		1
- , "	7. This application h	as been filed with info	ormal drawings under 97 C.F.R. 1:85 which a	re acceptable for exa	mination purposes.	1
÷.,	8. Formal drawings	are required in respon	nse to this Office action.			
			ave been received on		er 37 C,F,R. 1:84 these draw	ving
٠	r are .: □ : acceptat	ole; 🔲 not acceptabl	e (see explanation or Notice re Patent Drawin	g, PTO-948).		1
			sheet(s) of drawings, filed on miner (see explanation).	has (have) been	approved by the .	- Andrew
	11. The proposed dra	wing correction, filed	has been 🔲 appr	oved; 🖸 disapprove	d (see explanation).	3
			tor priority under U.S.C. 119. The certified o		eviscen receive	d
					to the marite is alread in	1
			n condition for allowance except for formal ma parte Quayle; 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.	uers, prosecution as	w ure meries iš Closec iš	
	14. Other					
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Applicants arguments filed on April 2, 1993, overcome the 35 USC 103 rejections made in the previous office action, paper no. 6.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) and (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

Claims 1-3, 6-8, 10, 17-18, 22, 27-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Weber et al.

Weber et al. disclose a novel magnetic resonance imaging agents that utilize complexes of paramagnetic ions with alkoxyalkylamide derivatives of diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid or ethylenediaminetetyraacetic acid. In column 2, lines 33-56, Weber et al. teach the use of gadolinium and other paramagnetic divalent and trivalent ions in a soluble, non-toxic form to facilitate their rapid clearance from the body. Applicant is directed to the SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION, in columns 3 to 4, wherein the novel complexing agents are disclosed.

The compound disclosed by Weber et al. is very similar to the compounds claimed in the present application. The applicants claims allow for Z_1 and Z_2 to be a Hydrogen and/or an alkyl chain (e.g., methyl group). Weber et al. do not specifically teach substituents from the applicants claimed Z_1 and Z_2 , but to a person of ordinary

skill in the art it would be obvious that one of these substituents could be a methyl group. The addition of a single methyl group is not inventive and thus is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. Furthermore, Weber et al. do not specifically teach that three of the R₁ substituents are gadolinium or other paramagnetic ions. To a person of ordinary skill in the art it is readily obvious that Weber et al. do teach the labeling of the disclosed compound with gadolinium and that by means of routine experimentation it would readily be obvious that three of substituents could be gadolinium.

Claims 4-5, 9, 19-21, and 23-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Weber et al., as mentioned above, in view of Berg et al. and Warshawsky et al.

Weber et al. do not teach the specific substituents for Z_1 and Z₂ disclosed by applicants. Berg et al. provide chelating agents particularly useful for the preparations of diagnostic and therapeutic agents for MRI, scintigraphy, ultrasound, radiotherapy, and heavy metal detoxification. Warshawsky et al. provide bifunctional chelating agents which are analogues of EDTA that have various medical uses. The compounds disclosed by Berg et al. are triamines, in which substituents can be found extending from applicants refer to as the Z_1 and Z_2 substituents. Berg et al. teach that "hydroxyalkyl group or an optionally hydroxylated alkoxy or alkoxyalkyl group" can extend from these regions. Warshawsky et al. also teach that substituents can extend from applicants Z_1 and Z_2 substituents. to column 2, lines 25-45. Thus, to a person of ordinary skill in the art it is readily obvious that various substituents can readily be extended from the Z_1 and Z_2 substituents disclosed by applicants. Berg et al. teach the use of hydroxyalkyl groups and Warshawsky et al. teach various aryl compounds combining these teachings with the compound disclosed by Weber et al. would be obvious due to the existing similarities in structure and use of all the compounds.

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are deemed to be moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

An inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Matthew Zmurko at telephone number (703) 308-3957.

SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER

ART UNIT 223